







IPILIMUMAB + NIVOLUMAB

Name of the regimen and cancer drugs

Your care team may refer to your treatment as "ipi-nivo" or "nivo-ipi". The regimen consists of 2 different anti-cancer therapies.

• Ipi: Ipilimumab (ih-pih-LIH-myoo-mab): Yervoy®

• Nivo: Nivolumab (nih-VOL-yoo-mab): Opdivo®

Common uses

This regimen is most commonly used for lung cancer but may be used for other diagnoses.

Treatment schedule

Your treatment will be given into your vein through an intravenous (IV) line. This may be into a short, flexible temporary catheter in your arm, or through a central venous catheter. A central venous catheter, or central line is a long, flexible IV tube that empties into a very large vein next to the heart. Talk with your care team to see which will be best for you and your treatment.

Each ipilimumab and nivolumab treatment is repeated every 42 days. This is known as one cycle. Your treatment may be given for a set number of cycles, or it will keep going until the drug, or drugs, stop working or you have side effects which stop you from continuing treatment.

☐ Ipilimumab IV given on Day 1

□ Nivolumab IV given on Days 1, 15, and 29

Drug	Cycle 1	Day 1	2	3	4	 15	 29	 42	Cycle 2 Day 1
Ipilimumab									
Nivolumab									

Possible drug interactions

Ipilimumab and nivolumab may interact with other drugs you are taking. Please inform your care providers of al
prescription medicine, over-the-counter medications, vitamins, and herbal products that you take.

- Discuss with your care provider or pharmacy prior to taking steroid medications such as prednisone, methylprednisolone (Medrol), dexamethasone (Decadron), or hydrocortisone (Cortef).
- ☐ Talk with your care provider or pharmacist before taking new medications, supplements, or receiving any vaccines.









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Common Side Effects

Common side effects that have been known to happen in patients receiving ipilimumab and nivolumab are listed in the left side of this table. In some instances, the side effects may be reported less often but are still important to discuss. This table does not list all the known side effects for this therapy, only the ones that are experienced most often. Not every patient experiences every known side effect of a drug; even if you are taking the same drug as another patient, you may experience different side effects. Options to help manage any side effects that do occur are included on the right side of this table. These should be discussed with your care provider. If you experience any side effect you cannot manage or that is not listed here, contact your care provider.

Possible Side Effect	Management
Rash or itchy skin	 Keep your skin moisturized with creams and moisturizing lotions to decrease the risk of rash or itchiness and wear loose fitting clothing. Avoid using perfumes and cologne as these products may increase rash symptoms. Avoid being in the heat for long periods of time. Your provider may recommend an over-the-counter antihistamine or a topical cream. Sunlight can make symptoms worse. Avoid sun exposure as much as possible to decrease the risk of sunburn. The highest exposure to UV (ultra-violet) radiation occurs between the hours of 10am and 4pm. Wear long-sleeved clothing, with UV protection if possible. Wear broad-brimmed hats. Apply broad-spectrum sunscreen (UVA/UVB) with at least SPF 30 as often as directed on the bottle. Use lip balm with at least SPF 30. Avoid tanning beds. If your rash or itching continues to worsen, contact your care team.
	Continued on the next page









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Possible Side Effect	Management						
Fatigue	 You may be more tired than usual or have less energy Stay as active as possible, but know it is okay to rest as needed Try to do some type of moderate activity every day Conserve your energy. Plan your activities and do them at a time of day when you feel a bit more energetic Follow a healthy diet and stay hydrated Accept help from family and friends Find healthy ways to manage stress, such as meditation, journaling, yoga, and guided imagery Develop good sleeping habits, limit napping during the day to help you sleep better at night Avoid operating heavy machinery if you feel too tired Contact your care team if you experience extreme fatigue that prevents you from doing your normal daily activities 						
Changes in electrolytes and other laboratory values • Low sodium levels • High liver enzymes • Low calcium levels • High potassium levels • High blood glucose • High triglycerides • High lipase • Changes in thyroid hormone levels	Changes in some lab values may occur and will be monitored by a simple blood test. You may not feel any symptoms if the changes are mild and they usually are not a sign of a serious problem More severe changes may occur which can be a sign of a serious problem Notify your care team if you have any of the following: Shortness of breath Chest discomfort Weakness or fatigue New aches and pains Headaches Dizziness Swelling of your legs or feet Red or brown colored urine						









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Rare but serious side effects

nait	e but serious side effects
Tell	your care provider if you experience any symptoms of these problems:
	Ipilimumab and nivolumab may cause inflammation in your colon. If symptoms of diarrhea or severe abdominal pain are present, please contact your health care team right away. Your health care team may have to prescribe corticosteroids in order to decrease the inflammation.
	This product may result in toxicity to the skin. Please notify your healthcare provider if you have any signs of acne-like rashes (skin that is scaly, dry, cracking, or inflamed), skin infections, and or eye infections/loss of vision.
	Ipilimumab and nivolumab can alter your hormone levels. Symptoms may include weight and mood changes, headaches, fatigue. Contact your doctor if you are experiencing any of these symptoms.
	Ipilimumab and nivolumab may be harmful to your liver. Speak to your care team to know when you need to have blood tests done to monitor your liver function. If you get this side effect, your doctor may change your dose or stop treatment for some time.
	This product may result in serious and fatal lung toxicity. When taking ipilimumab and nivolumab, if you start to experience shortness of breath, fatigue, breathlessness, or discomfort/worsening of symptoms while lying on your back, please immediately contact your prescriber.
	Ipilimumab and nivolumab can cause inflammation in your kidneys. If you are experiencing any problems urinating, pelvic pain, or any blood in your urine, you should contact your doctor.
	Ipilimumab and nivolumab may be harmful to your eyes. Be sure to inform your care team of any issue you have with your vision or pain in your eyes. Your provider may stop treatment with ipilimumab and nivolumab if your eyes are affected.
	Ipilimumab and nivolumab may be harmful to your heart. Seek medical attention right away if you have any chest pain or tightness.
	Ipilimumab and nivolumab can cause bone marrow suppression which is a decrease in the number of white blood cells, red blood cells and platelets. Speak to your care team to know when you need to have laboratory tests done to monitor your blood cell counts. You also may need to take a break or "hold" your medication for medical or dental procedures. Talk to your care team or dentist before any scheduled procedures.
	Ipilimumab and nivolumab can rarely cause an infusion reaction. During your treatment, let the nurse know right away if any of these symptoms happen: chills or shaking, dizziness, fever, itchiness or rash, flushing, difficulty breathing, wheezing, throat irritation, cough, congestion, sudden back pain, or feeling faint.
	Ipilimumab and nivolumab can cause severe reactions in people who receive a stem cell transplant before or after treatment. If you have received a stem cell transplant, talk with your care team about these risks before starting treatment.
	Ipilimumab and nivolumab may cause harm to the fetus if administered to pregnant women. Please contact your healthcare professional if you are or suspect that you are pregnant, as this may result in an alternative treatment plan.
lf y	ou experience ANY new, worsening, or uncontrolled side effects, call your care team immediately.
	(INSTITUTIONAL CONTACT INFO)









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Handling body fluids and waste

Some of the drugs you receive may be present in urine, stool, sweat, or vomit for many days after treatment. Many cancer

	ipili	igs are toxic, your bodily waste may also be toxic and can be dangerous to come into contact with. Once you have started imumab and nivolumab, follow the instructions below for at least two days after your treatment. This is to keep you, your ed ones, and the environment as safe as possible.
		Pregnant women should avoid touching anything that may be soiled with body fluids from the patient.
		Toilet and septic systems
		• You may use the same toilet, septic tank, and/or sewer that you usually use. If you have a low-flow toilet, close the lid and flush twice to ensure that all waste has been discarded.
		If the toilet or toilet seat becomes soiled with urine, stool, or vomit, clean the surface after every use before other people use the toliet.
		Wash hands with soap and water after using the toilet for at least 20 seconds.
		If you need a bedpan, be sure your caregiver knows to wear gloves to assist with cleanup and to wash the bedpan with soap and water every day.
		If you do not have good control of bladder or bowels, use a disposable pad with a plastic back, a diaper, or a sheet to absorb body waste.
		Wash any skin that has been exposed to body waste with soap and water.
		Linens or clothing that are soiled with body fluids or body waste should be washed separately from other linens and clothing. If you do not have a washer, place the soiled linens in a plastic bag until they can be washed.
		Wash hands with soap and water after touching linens or clothing that may be soiled with body fluids.
In	tima	acy, sexual activity, contraception, and fertility
	phy	s treatment may cause changes that can affect intimacy and sexuality, including desire and body image. Maintaining vical closeness and/or intimacy with loved ones can be continued during treatment. Holding hands, hugging, and kissing be done safely. It is recommended that you talk to your care team about any restrictions or questions you may have.
	talk you ipili	me treatments can influence the ability to have children, also known as fertility. If you're interested in preserving fertility, a to your care team before treatment. Ask your healthcare provider to determine when it is safe to become pregnant after air treatment. Patients of reproductive ability should not become pregnant or get their partners pregnant while receiving imumab and nivolumab. Some of the drugs you receive may be present in semen and vaginal secretion for many days after atment. You should use barrier devices, such as condoms, during sexual activity to limit exposure to body fluids.
[С	alk to your care team about birth control. Not all options may be right for your treatment or cancer. Effective contraception ould include one or more of the following: barrier methods (e.g. condoms), hormone methods (e.g. birth control pills), or urgery.
Г	٦Τ	ell your care team if you become pregnant or plan to breastfeed









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Additional resources

Product website:

Yervoy®: www.yervoy.com
Opdivo®: www.opdivo.com

Prescribing information:

Ipilimumab: https://packageinserts.bms.com/pi/pi_yervoy.pdf

Nivolumab: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2018/125554s058lbl.pdf

Additional instructions

Updated - October 20, 2023

Important notice: The Association of Community Cancer Centers (ACCC), Hematology/Oncology Pharmacy Association (HOPA), National Community Oncology Dispensing Association, Inc. (NCODA), and Oncology Nursing Society (ONS) have collaborated in gathering information for and developing this patient education guide. This guide represents a brief summary of the therapy derived from information provided by the drug manufacturer and other resources. This guide does not cover all existing information related to the possible uses, directions, doses, precautions, warnings, interactions, adverse effects, or risks associated with this therapy and should not substitute for the advice of a qualified healthcare professional. Provision of this guide is for informational purposes only and does not constitute or imply endorsement, recommendation, or favoring of this therapy by ACCC, HOPA, NCODA, or ONS, who assume no liability for and cannot ensure the accuracy of the information presented. The collaborators are not making any representations with respect to the medications whatsoever, and any and all decisions, with respect to such medications, are at the sole risk of the individual receiving therapy. All decisions related to receiving this therapy should be made with the guidance and under the direction of a qualified healthcare professional.

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